

Australian Curriculum: Geography — Year 7 Year level plan-2023

CURRICULUM	SEMESTER 1		SEMESTER 2		
	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	
Unit name			Water in the World	Place & Liveability	
Unit description			In this unit, students investigate water as an example of a renewable environmental resource and identify the ways water is used as a resource. They will evaluate and synthesise evidence to draw conclusions about viable ways of overcoming water scarcity.	In this unit, students will explore the following key inquiry question: What factors influence the liveability of places, and what strategies can enhance it? They will investigate the influence of factors on the liveability of places, including access to services and facilities; environmental quality; and social connectedness and community identity and evaluate the strategies used in Australia and Europe to enhance the liveability of places, especially for young people.	

ASSESSMENT		SEMESTER 1		SEMESTER 2	
		Task name	Task name	Water in the world-AT1	Analysing liveability-AT2
	Technique			Exam	Project
	Type of text			Short response	Explanation
Range and balance of summative assessment conventions	Mode			Written	Multimodal
	Conditions			Written response 50 - 75 words per item.	Written response 400-600 words

Aspects of the achievement standard - Geography						
describe geographical processes that influence the characteristics of places			✓	✓		
describe how the characteristics of places are perceived and valued differently			✓	✓		
explain interconnections between people and places and environments			✓	✓		
describe how these interconnections change places and environments			✓			
describe alternative strategies to a geographical challenge referring to environmental, economic and social factors				✓		
identify geographically significant questions to frame an inquiry						
evaluate a range of primary and secondary sources to locate useful information and data				✓		
record and represent data and the location and distribution of geographical phenomena in a range of forms, including large-scale and small-scale maps that conform to cartographic conventions				✓		
interpret and analyse geographical maps, data and other information to propose simple explanations for spatial distributions, patterns, trends and relationships, and draw conclusions			✓	✓		
present findings and arguments using relevant geographical terminology and digital technologies in a range of communication forms			✓	✓		
propose action in response to a geographical challenge, taking account of environmental, economic and social factors						
describe the expected effects of their proposal						







